# Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued	l unde	r P.A.	2 of 1968, as	amended an	d P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended.				
Loca	d Unit	of Go	vernment Type	е			Local Unit Na	me		County
	Count	ty	⋉City	□Twp	∐Village	□Other	City of Ots	sego		Allegan
Fisc	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submit	tted to State	
6/3	30/06	3			8/10/06			10/31/06		
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2.	$\boxtimes$							unit's unreserved fund ba budget for expenditures.	ilances/unres	tricted net assets
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4.	×		The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	et for all re	equired funds	s.		
5.	X		A public h	earing on	the budget wa	is held in a	ccordance v	ith State statute.		
6.	×				ot violated the ssued by the L			, an order issued under the Division.	ne Emergenc	y Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	$\boxtimes$		The local	unit has n	ot been deling	uent in dist	tributing tax	revenues that were collec	cted for anoth	er taxing unit.
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11.	X		The local	unit is free	e of repeated o	omments t	from previou	s years.		
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14.	X		-			•	rior to payme	ent as required by charter	r or statute.	
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Fin	ancia	al Sta	tements			X				
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Oth	er (D	escrib	e)				No other	documents required		
Cert	ified P	ublic /	Accountant (Fi	irm Name)			•	Telephone Number		1
Si	egfri	ed C	randall P	С				269-381-4970		
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Joseph M Walls, CPA

# City of Otsego Allegan County, Michigan FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Year ended June 30, 2006

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis is intended as a narrative overview of the City of Otsego's operations over the fiscal year and its financial condition on June 30, 2006.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- \$ The City's total net assets increased \$323,517, or 2.5 percent, as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of the governmental activities increased \$302,573, or 4.8 percent, whereas net assets of the business-type activities increased \$20,944, or 0.3 percent.
- \$ Of the \$13,137,869 total net assets reported, \$3,708,539 is available to be used to meet future operating and capital improvement needs.
- \$ The General Fund unreserved undesignated fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$906,692, which represents 45.2 percent of the actual total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements that follow this section. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Additional supplementary information is also included to provide a more detailed view of the City's financial structure and support to the information provided in the basic financial statements.

This is the third year using the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) reporting format. A comparative analysis of the basic financial statements will be made using the current and last year's basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a format similar to that of private-sector financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are designed to be corporate-like in that all the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns that add to a total for the Primary Government. These statements should help the reader to answer the question: Is the City, as a whole, in a better or worse financial position as a result of this year's activities. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are recognized regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all of the City's assets and liabilities along with the difference between the two, which is identified as the net assets. This statement combines and consolidates short-term spendable resources (e.g., cash, receivables, inventory, etc) with capital assets. Increases and decreases in net assets may serve as an indicator over time as to whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other factors must also be considered when evaluating the overall financial position such as the status of the City's infrastructure and property tax base.

The Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the various programs and activities of the City that are funded by property taxes and other revenue sources. This presentation is intended to summarize the cost of providing the various governmental services. This statement also shows the change in the City's net assets over the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying events occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report three types of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities. These activities include functions most commonly associated with government (e.g., police, fire, public works, parks, etc.). Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues usually fund these services.
- 2. Business-Type Activities. These activities provide services that are supported by customer user fees. The user fees are calculated to provide all or the majority of the operating costs involved in providing the services. The City operates two business-type activities that reflect the private sector type operations, water and sewer services. The City operates a third activity referred to as the Land Development Fund which is classified as a business-type activity because it currently involves residential plat development, which is recovered through the sale of lots.
- 3. Discretely Presented Component Units. Component units are legally separate organizations which the City (the City Commission) can exercise influence and/or for which the City is financially accountable. The City has one component unit, the City of Otsego Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The financial statements are primarily focused on the City. The component unit information, however, is presented to show its activity and relative financial relationship to the primary government.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are presented in a manner similar to the reporting format of prior years. These detail the activity that has occurred in the City's most significant funds. Individual funds, or fund accounting, is necessary to track revenues and expenditures that are directly related to specific activities or required by statute/ordinance to be budgeted and accounted for separately. To be reported separately and considered as a major fund, however, a fund's total assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures must be at least 10 percent of the total assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures for all funds of that category or type.

The City's funds are classified into three categories which each use a different accounting approach:

- 1. Government Funds. These funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements mentioned above. The governmental fund statements, however, are presented on a modified accrual basis, which focuses on the short-term (60 day) sources and uses of available resources, as well as the balance of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. A review of these statements can show if there has been an increase or decrease in the resources available to continue providing services to our residents. The relationship between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and the governmental fund statements is reconciled in the financial statements. Governmental funds include the General Fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, and debt service funds.
- 2. Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds account for the expenditures involved in providing particular services to customer who are then charged fees calculated to recover the costs of operation. These funds use accrual accounting which is the same method used by private sector businesses. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and land development services. Internal service funds are used to account for its DPW Equipment Fund that essentially functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its DPW Equipment Fund that essentially functions as a motor pool. Because the equipment is rented by the hour to provide services which predominately benefit governmental rather that business-type functions, it is included within governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

3. Fiduciary Funds. These funds record the collection and disbursement of resources, primarily taxes, for the benefit of parties outside the government. These funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statement because the resources reported here represent a trust relationship and are not, therefore, available to the City to provide services to residents. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund. This fund is also reported using accrual accounting.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to understand of data reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Following the basic financial statements is additional required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Following the required supplementary information are combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. These funds are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements. This section also includes governmental fund balance sheets, budgetary comparison schedules for each of the City's funds, and financial statements for the component unit.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Statement of Net Assets reveals favorable or positive balances in all three of the government-wide columns (Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities and Totals), as well as the Component Unit column. A negative balance would indicate a deficit situation that would require further disclosure of plans to reverse the balance in the subsequent fiscal year.

A two-year comparison of the Statement of Net Assets is shown in Table 1. In the City's case, total assets exceeded total liabilities at the end of the fiscal year by \$13,137,869. However, the majority of the City's net assets (59.4 percent) represent an investment in capital assets (e.g., land, roads, storm sewers, water and sewer systems, buildings and equipment) less outstanding debt used to acquire or construct these assets. Because the City uses these capital assets to provide essential services to citizens, these assets are not available to be liquidated for future spending needs. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to satisfy these liabilities.

Overall, total net assets increased by 2.5 percent. This can be mostly attributed to an increase in current assets, namely cash, and a decrease in liabilities, including debt repayment. Although the change in current assets can be attributed to reduced capital spending, the change in liabilities may likely be attributed to timing of accounts payable.

A total of \$1,627,077 of the City's net assets are restricted for public works and bond debt repayment. The City may use the remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,708,539 to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net assets for government activities grew by 8.8 percent for the fiscal year, and unrestricted assets for the business type activities grew by 2.1 percent. Again, the governmental activity growth can be largely attributed to revenue increases and planned expenditure reductions as the administration took a conservative approach to the cool economic climate. The current level of unrestricted net assets for governmental activities represents about 61 percent of the past fiscal year's expenses. The unrestricted assets are not necessarily cash or cash equivalents and this unrestricted net asset balance could easily be depleted in one or more substantial capital improvement projects or the continued economic downturn.

Table 1
Statement of Net Assets – Two Year Comparison
(in thousands of dollars)

		overnme tivities	ntal			ısiness- tivities	type		То	tals		
	<u>20</u>	04-05	20	05-06	<u>20</u>	04-05	20	05-06	20	04-05	20	05-06
Assets												
Current Assets	\$	2,580	\$	2,975	\$	2,398	\$	2,385	\$	4,978	\$	5,360
Noncurrent Assets	\$	3,925	\$	3,800	\$_	5,063	\$	4,917	\$_	8,988	\$	8,717
Total Assets	\$	6,505	\$	6,775	\$	7,461	\$	7,302	\$	13,966	\$	14,077
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities	\$	133	\$	95	\$	215	\$	225	\$	347	\$	320
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	106	\$	111	\$_	698	\$	508	\$_	804	\$	619
Total Liabilities	\$	239	\$	206	\$	913	\$	733	\$	1,152	\$	939
Net Assets												
Capital Assets Net of Debt	\$	3,836	\$	3,727	\$	4,095	\$	4,075	\$	7,932	\$	7,802
Restricted Assets	\$	1,133	\$	1,430	\$	203	\$	197	\$	1,336	\$	1,627
Unrestricted Assets	\$	1,298	\$	1,412	\$_	2,249	\$	2,297	\$	3,547	\$	3,709
Total Net Assets	\$	6,267	\$	6,569	\$	6,548	\$	6,569	\$	12,814	\$	13,138

# City of Otsego MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### Statement of Activities

A similar two-year comparison of the Statement of Activities is shown in Table 2. This table identifies many of the substantial changes that occurred in revenues and expenditures over the fiscal year.

A review of the Program Revenues shows a substantial decrease in charges for services, especially for business type activities. The decrease in the business-type activities can be largely attributed to the closure of the Menasha paper mill and its subsequent reduction in water utility use, and a reduction in revenues from the sale of property in the Capital Project Fund. Reductions in charges for services for governmental-type activities can be partially attributed to reduced spending in the fire department which subsequently reduced the amount paid by Otsego Township for its respective share of the expenditures.

Other notable differences in revenues occurred in regards to property tax revenue and investment income. In fiscal 2005-06, the DDA captured 100 percent of the tax increment financing (TIF) revenues available, whereas in fiscal 2004-05 the authority only captured 60 percent. Therefore, the increased capture reduced property tax revenues available to the General Fund. Investment income, however, shows a significant increase due to market conditions and increases in funds available to be invested.

Under expenses, most programs show decreases and three show modest increases from the prior year. These decreases were anticipated as the budget was developed in an effort to reduce cost. The reduction in land development is because decrease in sales compared to fiscal 2004-05.

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$302,573, thereby accounting for 93.5 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the City. The growth in governmental activity net assets was more than 55 percent of those realized in fiscal 2004-05. The key factor causing this increase was the conservative budgeting of operational expenses in anticipation of further reductions in State Shared Revenues.

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$20,944, accounting for the remaining 6.5 percent of the total growth in the City's net assets. Although business-type net assets continued to increase, the growth of these net assets decreased more than 90 percent from those realized in fiscal 2004-05. Key factors which allow the continued growth of business-type net assets are as follows:

- s Continued conservative budgeting due to an anticipated reduction in industrial utility use,
- Revenue levels exceeding expenses that resulted in additions to fund net assets.

A review of the business-type activities shows notable decreases in the charges for services and land development expense. These decreases may be attributed to reductions in residential and commercial lot sales in the Capital Project Fund and a major reduction in water consumption in the Water Fund because of the Menasha paper mill closure.

Table 2
Statement of Activities - Two Year Comparison
(in thousands of dollars)

	Go	vemme	ntal .	Activities	Bu	siness-	type .	Activities	То	tals		
	20	04-05	20	05-06	20	04-05	200	5-06	20	04-05	20	05-06
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	207	\$	181	\$	1,406	\$	894	\$	1,613	\$	1,075
Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	330	\$	461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	330	\$	461
Capital Grants & Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Revenues												
Property Taxes	\$	1,408	\$	1,299	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,408	\$	1,299
Public Service Tax	\$	117	\$	113	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117	\$	113
State Grants	\$	397	\$	393	\$	-	\$	-	\$	397	\$	393
Franchise Fees	\$	32	\$	34	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32	\$	34
Investment Income	\$	50	\$	123	\$	36	\$	64	\$	87	\$	187
Other Revenue	\$	25	\$	14	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25	\$	14
Transfers	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7	\$	0	\$	7
Gain (loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets	\$	(45)	\$	0	\$	-	\$		\$	(45)	\$	0
Total Revenues	\$	2,521	\$	2,618	\$	1,442	\$	965	\$	3,963	\$	3,583
Program Expenses												
Legislative	\$	12	\$	10	\$	-	\$	-	\$	. 12	\$	10
General Government	\$	504	\$	511	\$	-	\$	-	\$	504	\$	511
Public Safety	\$	1,047	\$	1,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,047	\$	1,022
Public Works	\$	653	\$	673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	653	\$	673
Community and Economic Dev.	\$	2	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2
Parks & Recreation	\$	109	\$	98	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109	\$	98
Land Development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	287	\$	66	\$	287	\$	66
Sewer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	529	\$	489	\$	529	\$	489
Water	\$	_	\$	-	_\$	403	\$	389	\$	403	\$	389
Total Expenses	\$	2,326	\$	2,316	\$	1,219	\$	944	\$	3,545	\$	3,260
Changes in Net Assets	\$	195	\$	302	\$	224	\$	21	\$	418	\$	323

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The last section of the financial report, entitled "Supplementary Information," includes balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance in more detail for each of the City's funds. The latter statement also includes the amended budgets as adopted and approved for each fund. These reports will likely be more familiar to city commissioners and staff as they are more closely formatted in a manner similar to the monthly financials reports.

# City of Otsego MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, total unreserved fund balance was \$986,692. During the year, an additional \$20,000 was added to the designated, unreserved fund balance, which now totals \$80,000 for the future replacement of a fire truck. The increase in unreserved fund balance can be attributed to reduced or delayed equipment purchases in anticipation of possible cash shortages and an overall effort to reduce unnecessary operational costs while continuing to maintain services. The administration believed there could be further reductions in State Shared Revenues and also realized that property tax revenues would be reduced because the TIF capture which funds the DDA's activities would be increased to by 40 percent for this and the next several fiscal years.

The differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for revenue and expenditures were \$135,223 and \$139,823, respectively. This amounted for roughly a 6.9 percent increase in both revenues and expenditures. The primary reason behind the increases was the award of a \$101,270 federal grant (FEMA) to the Fire Department for the purchase of new breathing apparatus and an air compressor. Expenditures were \$152,444 less than budgeted, however. The difference between the actual and budgeted amounts can be largely attributed to cost containment measures by department administration. Consequently, the General Fund continues to maintain a healthy unrestricted fund balance in excess of the recommended 25 to 30 percent of expenditures. This allows the City to maintain its current level of services during the current economic downturn. The General Fund total fund balance increased by \$124,872, and totaled \$987,654 at year-end.

#### Street & Bridge Fund

The Street and Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund where the City records a portion of the road tax collected by Allegan County. Because the county does not maintain any roads within the City, and there are no agreements otherwise between the county and the City, the County provides a portion of these monies to the City for capital improvement projects or road maintenance in accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws 224.20b. Revenues exceeded the transfer to the Local Street Fund, so that fund balance increased by \$136,566, 23.3 percent, to \$722,391.

#### Special Assessment Capital Project Fund

The fund did not provide any resources to capital improvement projects, and realized a 15.5 percent increase in fund balance from the collection of outstanding special assessments and investment interest. Unreserved fund balance available for future capital improvement projects now totals \$289,711.

#### Major Street Fund

The City receives revenues from the State of Michigan to maintain 8.44 miles of major streets as defined by Public Act 51 of 1951. Also included in this fund are operating costs to maintain the M-89 State Highway, according to contract. Because there were no capital improvement projects, cost containment within the operations and maintenance budget increased fund balance by \$139,182 to \$454,297. This fund balance will be available for future capital improvement projects.

#### Local Street Fund

The City receives revenues from the State of Michigan to maintain 12.7 miles of local streets as defined by Public Act 51 of 1951. Subsidies are regularly transferred from the Major Street Fund and/or the Street and Bridge Fund to accumulate sufficient resources to cover anticipated future street maintenance costs. Revenues and other sources, including a \$3,360 transfer from the Street & Bridge Fund, exceeded expenditures by \$23,847, increasing fund balance to \$252,155. This fund balance will be available for future capital improvement projects

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### Sewer Fund

Total revenues were \$32,379, or 5.2 percent less than original projections. Charges for services were \$35,491 or 5.8 percent less than projected. Even with less than expected revenues and increased expenses, Total Net Assets increased \$153,383 or 3.9 percent over the fiscal year due to cost containment and postponement of a capital improvement project to increase plant efficiency and reduce the use of chlorine gas. Total Net Assets are \$4,065,125 at year-end.

#### Water Fund

Total revenues were less than projected by \$148,071, or 35.0 percent. Charges for services, however, were less than the amount budgeted by \$151,103 or 36.7 percent. Again, the majority of this decrease can be attributed to the closure of the Menasha paper mill which was the City's largest water user. Total operating expenses were less than projections by \$10,430, or 2.7 percent. Although sales of water were less this fiscal year, operating expenses did not see a corresponding reduction because costs for supplies and power continued to increase. Total Net Assets decreased \$93,232 or 4.7 percent over the fiscal year. Total Net Assets are \$1,886,287 at year-end.

#### Capital Project Fund (formerly the Land Development Fund)

This fund is also a proprietary fund and has been involved with the development of seven residential plats and three commercial parcels with M-89 frontage. Lot prices in each of the plats have been calculated to offset construction and land acquisition costs. During the fiscal year, one residential lot was sold, leaving 28 lots available for sale. Two commercial lots remain available for sale at year-end. The value of the lots held as inventory at year-end totaled \$866,778. Lot sales of \$26,923 during the fiscal year exceeded the related development costs of \$19,126, yielding a profit on sales of \$7,797. Taking other expenses into consideration, namely property taxes on the unsold lots, net assets decreased by \$33,411 or 5.1 percent to \$623,704.

#### DPW Equipment Fund

Operating revenues and expenses were both less than projected, 8.3 and 1.9 percent, respectively. Both can be attributed to a reduction in equipment use due to another light winter and less work in the City parks for capital improvements. The fund saw its net assets decrease by 1.4 percent to \$434,616.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets:

The City investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$8,322,253 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes a broad range of assets. Overall there was a total decrease in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year of \$249,339. The decrease was due to the excess of depreciation over capital assets acquired.

The largest capital acquisition during the year was a DPW dump truck and attachments costing \$73,930. Other additions included a fire department breathing apparatus and filling compressor acquired using chiefly FEMA grant funds, and additional voting equipment obtained through a state grant program.

Water and sewer capital additions totaled about \$21,000 during the year.

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be located in the Note 6 of the notes to basic financial statements.

# City of Otsego MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Long-Term Debt:

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total long-term bonds and notes outstanding of \$659,292. Of this amount, \$139,292 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. There is no debt backed by the limited full faith and credit of the City. Another \$520,000 represents bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The last rating the City received from Standard & Poor's for limited tax general obligation debt was a "BBB-" in 2002.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to 10 percent of its total state equalized assessed value of property. The City's total general obligation debt (\$139,292) is significantly lower than the current state-imposed limit of \$12,455,314 based upon 2006 property values.

Other long-term debt obligations totaling \$152,467 represent accrued compensated absences. Additional information is presented in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The City's General Fund budget for the next year projects no change in State Share Revenues. This comes after four years of increasingly reduced revenues from the State. Property tax revenues are projected to increase 1.2 percent or approximately \$15,720 overall. Although property tax revenues are projected to modestly increase for the 2006 tax year, taxable values have actually decreased over the past year. The increase in General Fund tax revenues occurred because property values within the DDA district have decreased more significantly than the city as a whole. This results in a lower TIF capture of taxes based upon property values within the DDA district. The lower values in the DDA district can be directly attributed to the closure of the Rock-Tenn Corporation and Menasha paper mills in 2004 and 2005, respectively. These plant closures resulted in the lower market values for industrial property for 2006. The Menasha paper mill, which was the City's largest taxpayer for the 2005 tax year, representing 23.6 percent of the tax base, was sold in June of 2006 to United States Gypsum. This plant is scheduled for conversion and updating and is expected to go back into production in 2008.

The City's component unit, the DDA, continues to design and plan for the eventual construction of a new department of public works facility in accordance with its development plan which expires in 2025. Construction is anticipated to begin in 2007 or 2008. Therefore, the DDA continues to accumulate funds by budgeting a 100 percent capture of revenues from tax increment financing within the district until sufficient funds are available to complete construction debt free. This capture results in a reduction to General Fund tax revenue and requires the continued consideration of cost saving measures such as delays or freezes in capital purchases, program reductions and/or staff reductions.

The City's utilities continue to increase their net assets, even during periods where decreases were expected. This demonstrates the very conservative and careful attention of management to maintenance and cost containment. Resources to continue infrastructure improvement and expansion are being used at a faster rate than excess revenues can replenish, however. This fact, along with lower consumer use than projected, caused an overall increase in sewer and water commodity rates from \$5.00 to \$5.35 for each 1,000 gallons of water used. This represents a 7.0 percent increase in commodity rates for the 2006-2007 fiscal year. The closure of the Menasha Corporation paper mill has also had a significant impact on the City's utility revenues. Before operations ended in 2005, the mill generated 18.7 percent of the sewer and water utility revenues. As previously mentioned, the new owner of the mill does not plan to resume operations until 2008. This required the increase in rates to maintain operations.

# City of Otsego MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances to its citizens, customers, investors and creditors, and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Matthew Storbeck, Finance Director City of Otsego 117 East Orleans Street Otsego, MI 49078-1199 Phone: (269) 692-2741

E-Mail: finance.dir@ci.otsego.mi.us

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Commission City of Otsego, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Otsego, Michigan, as of June 30, 2006, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Otsego, Michigan, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through viii and 22 through 23, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Otsego, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, as listed in the contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Otsego, Michigan. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Sigfied Crankell P.C.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

	F	Primary government	t	
	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Totals	Component unit
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash Receivables, net Internal balances Due from component unit Inventory Prepaid costs	\$ 2,547,996 224,378 117,667 1,562 9,423 74,509	\$ 1,343,264 240,534 (117,667) 5,091 897,134 16,459	\$ 3,891,260 464,912 - 6,653 906,557 90,968	\$ 325,594 - - - - - 825
Total current assets	2,975,535	2,384,815	5,360,350	326,419
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash Receivables, net Capital assets, net of accumulated	- 72,257	322,272 -	322,272 72,257	-
depreciation	3,727,604	4,594,649	8,322,253	1,313,275
Total non-current assets	3,799,861	4,916,921	8,716,782	1,313,275
Total assets	6,775,396	7,301,736	14,077,132	1,639,694
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to primary government	42,758 41,919	15,421 17,178 -	58,179 59,097	769 991 6,653
Customer deposits Current portion of long-term	10,228	400.454	10,228	-
obligations		192,454	192,454	
Total current liabilities	94,905	225,053	319,958	8,413
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term obligations	111,224	508,081	619,305	<del></del>
Total liabilities	206,129	733,134	939,263	8,413
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,727,604	4,074,649	7,802,253	1,313,275
Restricted for:  Bond retirement  Public safety	- 962	197,272 -	197,272 962	-
Public works Unrestricted	1,428,843 1,411,858	2,296,681	1,428,843 3,708,539	318,006
Total net assets	\$ 6,569,267	\$ 6,568,602	\$ 13,137,869	\$ 1,631,281

		Program	revenues
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions
Primary government			
Governmental activities:			
Legislative	\$ 10,500	\$ -	\$ -
General government	510,617	30,042	13,350
Public safety	1,022,188	124,164	106,153
Public works	673,033	26,967	341,268
Community and economic			
development	1,652	-	-
Parks and recreation	97,881	-	-
Total governmental activities	2,315,871	181,173	460,771
Business-type activities			
Land development	65,646	31,423	-
Sewer	489,211	587,586	-
Water	389,298	274,749	
Total business-type activities	944,155	893,758	-
Total primary government	\$ 3,260,026	\$ 1,074,931	\$ 460,771
Component unit - DDA	<u>\$ 128,641</u>	\$	\$ -

General revenues

Taxes

Public service tax

State shared revenue

Franchise fees

Investment income

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

# Net (expenses) revenues and changes in net assets

Pi	imary governmen	<u>ot</u>	
Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Totals	Component unit
\$ (10,500) (467,225)		\$ (10,500) (467,225)	
(791,871) (304,798)		(791,871) (304,798)	
(1,652) (97,881)		(1,652) (97,881)	
(1,673,927)		(1,673,927)	·
-	(34,223)	(34,223)	
-	98,375 (114,549)	98,375 (114,549)	
	(50,397)	(50,397)	
(1,673,927)	(50,397)	(1,724,324)	
-			(128,641)
1,299,132 112,903	-	1,299,132 112,903	362,220
393,238 33,953	-	393,238 33,953	-
123,524	63,966	187,490	12,199
13,750	7,375	13,750 7,375	2,751 (7,375)
1,976,500	71,341	2,047,841	369,795
302,573	20,944	323,517	241,154
6,266,694	6,547,658	12,814,352	1,390,127
\$ 6,569,267	\$ 6,568,602	\$ 13,137,869	\$ 1,631,281

	General	Street and Bridge	Special Assessment Capital Project
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 874,003	\$ 613,922	\$ 289,645
Receivables	164,642	-	83,088
Prepaid expenses	63,688	-	66
Due from other funds		108,469	
Total assets	1,102,333	722,391	372,799
LIABILITIES			
Payables	15,667	-	<u>.</u>
Accrued liabilities	60,167	-	-
Due to other funds	8,751	-	-
Due to other governmental units	19,866	_	-
Customer deposits	10,228	-	-
Deferred revenue			83,088
Total liabilities	114,679		83,088
FUND BALANCES			
Reserved for public safety	962	-	-
Unreserved:			
Designated for capital outlay	80,000	-	-
Undesignated	906,692	722,391	289,711
Undesignated, reported in nonmajor: special revenue funds			-
Total fund balances	987,654	722,391	289,711
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,102,333	\$ 722,391	\$ 372,799

Total fund balances - total governmental activities

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* (page 4) in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in *governmental activities* are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of fleet management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in *governmental activities* in the statement of net assets.

Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net assets of governmental activities

	Other	
gov	ernmental	
	funds	Totals
\$	660,100	\$ 2,437,670
•	48,905	296,635
	2,130	65,884
		108,469
	711,135	2,908,658
	2,401	18,068
	1,891	62,058
	391	9,142
	-	19,866
	_	10,228
	-	83,088
	4,683	202,450
	-	962
	· <u></u>	80,000
	-	1,918,794
	706,452	706,452
	706,452	2,706,208
\$	711,135	\$ 2,908,658
		\$ 2,706,208
		3,424,637
		83,088
		441,671
		(86,337)
		\$ 6,569,267

	General	Street and Bridge	Special Assessment Capital Project	Other governmental funds	Totals
REVENUES		_	_		
Taxes	\$ 1,299,132	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,299,132
Federal grants	103,644	-	•	-	103,644
State grants Fines and forfeitures	408,147	-	-	283,053	691,200
Licenses and permits	21,066	-	-	-	21,066
Intergovernmental	45,893	440.000	-	40.000	45,893
•	90,158	112,903	-	12,383	215,444
Charges for services Interest and rentals	43,070	27 022	12 526	22 720	43,070
Other	58,604	27,023	13,526	22,728	121,881
Other	61,797	<del></del>	25,346	6,586	93,729
Total revenues	2,131,511	139,926	38,872	324,750	2,635,059
EXPENDITURES					
Legislative	10,500	-	-	-	10,500
General government	478,020	•	-	=	478,020
Public safety	929,230	•	-	-	929,230
Public works	457,403	-	•	165,081	622,484
Community and economic development	1,500	· <u>-</u>	-	· •	1,500
Recreation and culture - parks department	87,473	-	-	-	87,473
Capital outlay	42,513				42,513
Total expenditures	2,006,639	•		165,081	2,171,720
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	124,872	139,926	38,872	159,669	463,339
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in				3,360	3,360
Transfers out	_	(3,360)	-	3,300	(3,360)
Transiers out		(3,300)			(3,300)
Total other financing sources	•	(3,360)		3,360	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	124,872	136,566	38,872	163,029	463,339
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	862,782	585,825	250,839	543,423	2,242,869
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 987,654	\$ 722,391	\$ 289,711	\$ 706,452	\$ 2,706,208
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	s				\$ 463,339
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta	tement of activitie	es (page 5) are diff	erent because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives a exceeded expenditures for capital assets in the current	s depreciation ex				(129,476)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cure deferred in the funds.	rent-period expen	ditures and, therefo	ore, are		(25,346)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government	•	use of current fina	ancial resources an	d,	(6,052)
The net revenue of certain activities of the internal serv	ice fund is reporte	ed with <i>governmen</i>	tal activities.		108
Change in net assets of governmental activities					\$ 302,573
•					

	Busin	ess-type activi	ities - Enterprise	Funds		ernmental ctivities
			Capital			DPW'
	Sewer	Water	Project	Totals	Eq	uipment
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash	\$ 1,138,301	\$ 191,884	\$ 13,079	\$ 1,343,264	\$	110,326
Receivables:						
Accounts	171,751	67,942	-	239,693	٠,	-
Interest	157	684	-	841		-
Due from other funds	2,857	-	-	2,857		11,826
Due from component unit	-	5,091	-	5,091		1,021
Inventory	369	29,987	866,778	897,134		9,422
Prepaid expenses	10,178	6,281		16,459		8,625
Total current assets	1,323,613	301,869	879,857	2,505,339		141,220
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted cash	243,603	78,669		322,272		
Capital assets, net:			<del> </del>			
Sewer system	2,895,063	-	_	2,895,063		-
Water system	-	1,699,586	_	1,699,586		_
Buildings and equipment	-			<del></del>		302,967
Total capital assets	2,895,063	1,699,586		4,594,649		302,967
Total noncurrent assets	3,138,666	1,778,255		4,916,921		302,967
Total assets	4,462,279	2,080,124	879,857	7,422,260		444,187
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	4,283	11,045	93	15,421		4,823
Accrued expenses	32,056	18,066	8,299	58,421		4,748
Due to other funds	815	4,726	108,469	114,010		-
Land contract - current	-	· <u>-</u>	67,454	67,454		-
Bonds payable - current	110,000	15,000		125,000		
Total current liabilities	147,154	48,837	184,315	380,306		9,571
Noncurrent liabilities						
Revenue bonds payable	250,000	145,000	-	395,000		-
Land contract payable			71,838	71,838		
Total noncurrent liabilities	250,000	145,000	71,838	466,838		-
Total liabilities	397,154	193,837	256,153	847,144		9,571
NET ASSETS						
Investment in capital assets,						
net of related debt	2,535,063	1,539,586	_	4,074,649		302,967
Restricted bond retirement	133,603	63,669	_	197,272		-
Unrestricted, unallocated	1,396,459	283,032	623,704	2,303,195		131,649
Total net assets	\$ 4,065,125	\$ 1,886,287	\$ 623,704	6,575,116	\$	434,616
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service fund			(G E44)		
activities related to enterprise funds.				(6,514)		
Net assets of business-type activities				\$6,568,602		

## City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - proprietary funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Busine	ss-type activit	ies - Enterprise	Funds	Governmental activities	
			Capital		DPW	
	<u>Sewer</u>	Water	Project	<u>Totals</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Other	\$ 574,474 13,112	\$ 261,547 13,202	\$ 26,923 4,500	\$ 862,944 30,814	\$ 135,225 17,890	
Total operating revenues	587,586	274,749	31,423	893,758	153,115	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Mains	53,371	164,349	_	217,720	-	
Wastewater treatment plant	250,529	104,040	_	250,529		
	200,029	90,444	_	90,444	_	
Water pumping	61,684	60,580	_	122,264	_	
Administration	01,004	00,500	47,781	47,781	110,110	
Other	00.046	64.460	47,701			
Depreciation	99,916	61,462		<u>161,378</u>	53,317	
Total operating expenses	465,500	376,835	47,781	890,116	163,427	
Operating income	122,086	(102,086)	(16,358)	3,642	(10,312)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest	53,300	9,854	812	63,966	4,108	
Interest expense	(22,003)	(8,375)	(17,865)	(48,243)		
Total nonoperating revenues			(47.070)	45 700	4 400	
(expenses)	31,297	1,479	(17,053)	15,723	4,108	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	153,383	(100,607)	(33,411)	19,365	(6,204)	
OTUED FINANCING COURCES						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from DDA	_	7,375	_	7,375	_	
, <u>a</u>		***************************************				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	153,383	(93,232)	(33,411)	26,740	(6,204)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	3,911,742	1,979,519	657,115	6,548,376	440,820	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 4,065,125	\$ 1,886,287	\$ 623,704	\$6,575,116	<u>\$ 434,616</u>	
Net change in net assets - total business-type acti	vities			\$ 26,740		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal sactivities related to enterprise funds.	service fund			(5,796	)	
Change in net assets of business-type activities				\$ 20,944		

	Busine	Governmental activities			
			Capital		DPW
	Sewer	Water	Project	<u>Totals</u>	Equipment
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$ 574,635	\$ 301,376	\$ 50,549	\$ 926,560	\$ 153,415
Payments to suppliers	(202,904)	(226,552)	(49,715)	(479,171)	(80,384)
Payments to employees	(165,665)	(84,324)		(249,989)	(30,656)
Net cash provided by operating activities	206,066	(9,500)	834	197,400	42,375
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(5,154)	(8,556)	-	(13,710)	(1,203)
Principal payments on long-term debt	-	_	(63,336)	(63,336)	_
Transfer from component unit	-	7,375		7,375	-
Interest payments on long-term debt	-		(13,169)	(13,169)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	(5.154)	(4.404)	(76,505)	(82,840)	(1,203)
financing activities	(5,154)	(1,181)	(76,505)	(02,040)	(1,200)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-	-		-
Acquisition of capital assets	(18,617)	(2,285)	-	(20,902)	(73,930)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(105,000)	(15,000)	-	(120,000)	-
Interest payments on long-term debt	(22,959)	(8,374)		(31,333)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(146,576)	(25,659)		(172,235)	(73,930)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest and dividends	54,846	10,857	812	66,515	4,108
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	109,182	(25,483)	(74,859)	8,840	(28,650)
BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,272,722	296,036	87,938	1,656,696	138,976
BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,381,904	\$ 270,553	\$ 13,079	\$ 1,665,536	\$ 110,326
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities					
Operating income	\$ 122,086	\$ (102,086)	\$ (16,358)	\$ 3,642	\$ (10,312)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation expense	99,916	61,462	_	161,378	53,317
(Increase) decrease in:	99,910	01,402		101,010	00,011
Receivables, net	(10,094)	31,718	-	21,624	_
Due from other funds	(2,857)	, <u> </u>	-	(2,857)	826
Due from component unit	- 1	(5,091)	-	(5,091)	(526)
Inventory	<b>-</b>	(1,966)	19,126	17,160	(2,534)
Prepaid expenses	(3,453)	(3,159)	-	(6,612)	(668)
Increase (decrease) in:	(0.000)	0.440	/4 00 A	4 500	4.050
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	(2,923) 3,391	9,419 203	(1,934) 	4,562 3,594	1,056 1,216
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 206,066	\$ (9,500)	\$ 834	\$ 197,400	\$ 42,37 <u>5</u>

# City of Otsego STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - fiduciary fund

June 30, 2006

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,500
Receivables - taxes	1,190
Total assets	\$ 2,690
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governmental units	\$ 1,190
Customer deposits	1,500
Total liabilities	\$ 2,690

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the City of Otsego, Michigan (the City), conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies.

#### a) Reporting entity:

The City is governed by an elected five-member Commission. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally from the government.

Discretely-presented component unit - Downtown Development Authority:

This unit is presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Separate financial statements of the component unit have not been issued, as management believes these general purpose financial statements, including disclosures, contain complete information so as to constitute a fair presentation of the component unit. The component unit's governing body is appointed by the City Commission and its budget must be approved by the City Commission.

#### b) Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of all interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued):
Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For

this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street and Bridge Fund accounts for the repairs and maintenance of streets and bridges not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are primarily derived from a county road millage.

The Special Assessment Capital Project Fund accounts for the construction or purchase of capital assets.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewage system and treatment plant.

The Water Fund accounts for the operation of the City's water mains and pumping facilities.

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the development and sale of residential and commercial real estate for purposes of promoting economic development within the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The internal service fund accounts for the DPW equipment assets and rentals by various City departments.

The agency fund accounts for the collection and disbursements of delinquent taxes and deposits due to other units and individuals.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitations. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector standards.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity:
  - *i)* Bank deposits and investments Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income is proportionately allocated to all funds.
  - *ii)* Receivables and payables In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are considered to be fully collectible.
  - iii) Prepaid items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.
  - *iv)* Capital assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets other than infrastructure are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued):

iv) Capital assets (continued):

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 10 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 3 - 20 years
Vehicles 3 - 20 years
Sewer and Water systems 50 years

- v) Compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. A liability for unpaid accumulated vacation and sick leave has been recorded for the portion due to employees upon separation from service with the City. Vested compensated absences are accrued when earned in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.
- vi) Fund equity In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the functional level. Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc., are tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered. The City did not incur significant budget variances.

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS:

The City's cash and cash equivalents, as shown in the government-wide statement of net assets are as follows:

	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	<u>Fiduciary</u>	Total primary government	Component unit
Cash Cash on hand Restricted assets	\$2,547,546 450	\$1,343,264 - 322,272	\$1,500 	\$3,892,310 450 <u>322,272</u>	\$325,594 - 
Total cash	\$ <u>2,547,996</u>	\$ <u>1,665,536</u>	\$ <u>1,500</u>	\$ <u>4,215,032</u>	\$ <u>325,594</u>

### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS (Continued):

Deposits with financial institutions:

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) and the City's investment policy authorize the City to make deposits in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan. The City's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Custodial credit risk of deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2006, \$4,196,353 of the City's (including the component unit) bank balances of \$4,605,129 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. The City maintains individual and pooled cash accounts for all of its funds and its component units. Due to use of pooled deposits, it is not practicable to allocate insured and uninsured portions of certain bank balances between the primary government and its component units. The insured portion of the bank balance has been allocated entirely to the primary government.

The City believes that it is impractical to insure all bank deposits due to the amounts of the deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the risk level of each institution. Only the institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES:

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and non-major funds, in the aggregate, are as follows:

	-	perty xes	<u>A</u>	ccounts	<u> </u>	terest_		pecial essments	•	Inter- govern- mental		Totals
Governmental funds:	•		•	07.700	•	0.404	•		Φ.	404.000	Φ	164 640
General Fund	\$	-	\$	37,796	Ъ	2,164	\$	-	\$	124,682	\$	164,642
Street and Bridge Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special Assessments Capital Improvement Fund		-		-		-		83,088		_		83,088
Nonmajor governmental funds		_		_		31		-		-		31
recimajor governmentar tarias			_						_		_	
Total governmental												
funds	\$	_	\$	37,796	\$	2,195	\$	83,088	\$	124,682	\$	247,761
								<del></del>	Diame.			
Non-current portion	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	72,257	<u>\$</u>		\$	72,257
Proprietary funds:												
Sewer	\$	-	\$	171,751	\$	157	\$	-	\$	-	\$	171,908
Water			_	67,942	_	684			_		_	68,626
Total proprietary												
funds	\$		\$	239,693	\$	841	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	240,534
No	•		<b>ው</b>		æ		ø		œ		æ	
Non-current portion	<u>*</u>	_	<u> </u>	-16-	<u>\$</u> _		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity of the City for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ <u>772,498</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>772,498</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,028,997	-	-	2,028,997
Improvements	870,236	5,600	-	875,836
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	758,343	36,416	41,920	752,839
Vehicles	<u>1,143,255</u>	73,930		<u>1,217,185</u>
Subtotal	4,800,831	115,946	<u>41,920</u>	4,874,857
Less accumulated				
depreciation for: Buildings	399,692	42,538	_	442,230
Improvements	95,068	41,288	-	136,356
Furniture, fixtures, and	==0 000	50.074	44.000	504.400
equipment Vehicles	550,028 692,074	56,074 84,909	41,920	564,182 776,983
vernoles	092,074	<u> </u>		<u>_ 770,903</u>
Subtotal	<u>1,736,862</u>	<u>224,809</u>	<u>41,920</u>	<u>1,919,751</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated	3,063,969	<u>(108,863)</u>		<u>2,955,106</u>
Total capital assets - ne of depreciation	et \$ <u>3,836,467</u>	\$ <u>(108,863)</u>	\$ <u>    -   </u>	\$ <u>3,727,604</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated - land	\$ <u>23,052</u>	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>23,052</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Sewer system	4,701,152	18,617	-	4,719,769
Water system	<u>2,497,845</u>	<u>2,285</u>	<del></del>	<u>2,500,130</u>
Subtotal	<u>7,198,997</u>	20,902		<u>7,219,899</u>

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Business-type activities: Less accumulated	Beginning <u>balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>balance</u>
depreciation for: Sewer system Water system	\$1,747,842 739,082	\$ 99,916 _61,462	\$ - 	\$1,847,758 800,544
Subtotal	<u>2,486,924</u>	<u>161,378</u>		2,648,302
Net capital assets beir depreciated	ng <u>4,712,073</u>	(140,476)	-	<u>4,571,597</u>
Total capital assets - n of depreciation	net \$ <u>4,735,125</u>	\$ <u>(140,476)</u>	\$	\$ <u>4,594,649</u>
Component unit: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ <u>98,069</u>	\$ <u>    -                                </u>	\$	\$ <u>98,069</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings/Improvements	<u>1,232,462</u>	27,438		1,259,900
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings/Improvements	21,215	23,479		44,694
Net capital assets beir depreciated:	ng <u>1,211,247</u>	3,959		1,215,206
Total capital assets - r of depreciation	et \$ <u>1,309,316</u>	\$ <u>3,959</u>	\$ <u>     -</u>	\$ <u>1,313,275</u>

# Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 31,673
Public safety	95,173
Public works	89,859
Recreation and culture	<u>8,104</u>
Total governmental activities	\$224.809

### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2006, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Business-type activities: \$550,000 installment purchase agreement - land contract payable in annual installments of \$59,471 to \$71,838, plus interest at 6.50%; final payment due July 2007.	\$ 139,292
\$400,000 1975 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds - payable in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$20,000, plus interest at 5.00%; final payment due January 2015.	160,000
\$945,000 1989 Wastewater System Revenue Bonds - payable in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$85,000, plus interest at 7.20%; final payment due November 2008.	240,000
\$455,000 1989 Wastewater System Revenue Bonds - payable in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$45,000, plus interest at 7.05% to 7.15%; final payment due November 2008.	_120,000
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ <u>659,292</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	Ending balance	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ <u>105,765</u>	\$ <u>61,835</u>	\$ <u>(56,376)</u>	\$ <u>111,224</u>	
Business-type activities:					
1975 revenue bonds	\$175,000	\$ -	\$ (15,000)	\$160,000	\$ 15,000
1989 revenue bonds	310,000	_	(70,000)	240,000	75,000
1989 revenue bonds	155,000	_	(35,000)	120,000	35,000
Eley IV land contract	202,628	-	(63,336)	139,292	67,454
Compensated absences	39,076	50,242	<u>(48,075)</u>	41,243	
Business-type activities					
long-term activities	\$ <u>881,704</u>	\$ <u>50,242</u>	\$ <u>(231,411)</u>	\$ <u>700,535</u>	\$ <u>192,454</u>

All debt is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued):

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2006, were as follows:

	<u>Business-tyr</u> Principal	<u>se activities</u> Interest
Year ended June 30:	<u>i mioipai</u>	<u> mitoroot</u>
2007	\$ 192,454	\$36,370
2008	206,838	25,261
2009	145,000	10,463
2010	20,000	5,250
2011	20,000	4,250
2012 - 2015	<u>75,000</u>	<u>7,125</u>
Totals	\$ <u>659,292</u>	\$ <u>88,719</u>

#### NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS:

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>receivables</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>payables</u>
Sewer	<u>\$ 2,857</u>	Water	\$ <u>2,857</u>
DPW Equipment	<u>11,826</u>	General Sewer Water Other governmental funds	8,751 815 1,869 391
			<u>11,826</u>
Street and Bridge	<u>108,469</u>	Capital Project	<u>108,469</u>
Total	\$ <u>123,152</u>	Total	\$ <u>123,152</u>

The interfund balance due to the Street and Bridge Fund from the Capital Project Fund represents a short-term loan to cover development inventory costs. Other interfund balances represent current amounts due for equipment charges in the DPW fund, and Water Fund expenses paid by the Sewer Fund.

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, are as follows:

	<u>Transfer in</u>		<u>Transfer out</u>
Other governmental funds	\$ <u>3,360</u>	Streets and Bridge	\$ <u>3,360</u>

The transfer was used to move available unrestricted funds from Streets and Bridge to finance local street costs.

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss to general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, and employee health and medical claims. The risks of loss arising from general liability up to \$5,000,000, building contents, workers' compensation, employee medical, and casualty are managed through purchased commercial insurance. For all risks of loss, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage provided in prior years. Also, in the past three years, settlements did not exceed insurance coverage.

#### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN:

The City maintains a defined contribution pension plan, which includes all of its full-time employees. The City contributes 10% of covered payroll to this plan on behalf of qualifying employees. The pension plan provides for various elections as to the retirement benefit determination. Benefits are vested after two years of credited service.

The City made the required contributions of \$123,607 for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City is not a trustee of these plans, nor is the City responsible for investment management of plan assets.

#### NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The City is contingently liable to its employees for approximately \$281,000 in accumulated non-vested sick pay benefits.

#### NOTE 11 - CONSTRUCTION CODE ACT:

A summary of construction code enforcement transactions for the year ended June 30, 2006, is as follows:

Revenues		\$ 11,203
Expenses		 14,852
	Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ (3,649)

### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

City of Otsego BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund

REVENUES	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
Taxes	\$ 1,289,380	\$ 1,289,380	\$ 1,299,132	\$ 9,752
Federal grants	φ 1,20 <del>9</del> ,500	101,270	103,644	2,374
State grants	401,700	401,700	408,147	6,447
Fines and forfeitures	15,000	15,000	21,066	6,066
Licenses and permits	64,325	64,325	45,893	(18,432)
Intergovernmental	86,500	90,453	90,158	(295)
Charges for services	42,000	42,000	43,070	1,070
Interest and rentals	22,000	47,000	58,604	11,604
Other	44,300	49,300	61,797	12,497
		<del></del>		
Total revenues	1,965,205	2,100,428	2,131,511	31,083
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative	10,500	10,500	10,500	-
General government	486,375	487,975	478,020	9,955
Public safety	918,010	1,015,111	929,230	85,881
Public works	472,675	487,575	457,403	30,172
Community and economic development	900	2,300	1,500	800
Recreation and culture	115,755	117,990	87,473	30,517
Capital outlay	15,045	37,632	42,513	(4,881)
Total expenditures	2,019,260	2,159,083	2,006,639	152,444
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(54,055)	(58,655)	124,872	183,527
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	862,782	862,782	862,782	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 808,727	\$ 804,127	\$ 987,654	\$ 183,527

City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Street and Bridge Fund

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 110,000 5,000	\$ 110,000 5,000	\$ 112,903 27,023	\$ 2,903 22,023
Total revenues	115,000	115,000	139,926	24,926
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfer to Local Street Fund	(3,360)	(3,360)	(3,360)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	118,360	118,360	143,286	24,926
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	585,825	585,825	585,825	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 704,185	\$ 704,185	\$ 729,111	\$ 24,926

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## City of Otsego COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - non-major governmental funds

June 30, 2006

	Special rev	enue funds	Total non-major
	Major Local Street Street		governmental funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 417,849	\$ 242,251	\$ 660,100
Receivables	-	31	31
Prepaid expenses	1,134	996	2,130
Due from other governmental units	37,381	11,493	48,874
Total assets	<u>\$ 456,364</u>	\$ 254,771	<u>\$ 711,135</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,072	\$ 1,329	\$ 2,401
Accrued liabilities	770	1,121	1,891
Due to other funds	225	166	391
Total liabilities	2,067	2,616	4,683
Fund balance, unrestricted	454,297	<u> 252,155</u>	706,452
Total liabilities and			
fund balance	<u>\$ 456,364</u>	<u>\$ 254,771</u>	<u>\$ 711,135</u>

City of Otsego
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - non-major governmental funds

	Special rev	enue funds	Total non-major
	Major Street	Local Street	governmental funds
REVENUES			
State grants	\$ 206,013	\$ 77,040	\$ 283,053
Intergovernmental	12,383	-	12,383
Interest	13,599	9,129	22,728
Other	894	5,692	6,586
Total revenues	232,889	91,861	324,750
EXPENDITURES			
Public works	93,707	71,374	165,081
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	139,182	20,487	159,669
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfer in		3,360	3,360
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	139,182	23,847	163,029
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	315,115	228,308	543,423
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 454,297</u>	\$ 252,155	\$ 706,452

June 30, 2006

	General	Major Street
ASSETS		<b>*</b> 44 <b>**</b> 646
Cash	\$ 874,003	\$ 417,849
Receivables:		
Special assessments	-	-
Accounts	37,796	-
Interest	2,164	-
Prepaid expenses	63,688	1,134
Due from other funds		-
Due from other governmental units	124,682	37,381
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,102,333</u>	\$ 456,364
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 15,667	\$ 1,072
Accrued liabilities	60,167	770
Due to other funds	8,751	225
Due to other governmental units	19,866	-
Customer deposits	10,228	-
Deferred revenue		•
Total liabilities	114,679	2,067
Fund balance		
Reserved for public safety Unreserved:	962	-
Designated for fire truck	80,000	_
Undesignated	906,692	454,297
Total fund balance	987,654	454,297
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,102,333</u>	\$ 456,364

 Local Street		treet and Bridge	As	Special sessment ital Project
\$ 242,251	\$	613,922	\$	289,645
- 31 996 - 11,493		- - - - 108,469 -		83,088 - - 66 -
\$ 254,771	<u>\$</u>	722,391	\$	372,799
\$ 1,329 1,121 166 - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - - 83,088
<u>2,616</u> -	<del></del>			83,088 -
 - 252,155		722,391		289,711
 252,155		722,391		289,711
\$ 254,771	<u>\$</u>	722,391	\$	372,799

# City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - General Fund

	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 1,289,380	\$ 1,299,132	\$ 9,752
Federal grants	101,270	103,644	2,374
State grants	401,700	408,147	6,447
Fines and forfeitures	15,000	21,066	6,066
Licenses and permits	64,325	45,893	(18,432)
Intergovernmental	90,453	90,158	(295)
Charges for services	42,000	43,070	1,070
Interest and rentals	47,000	58,604	11,604
Other	49,300	61,797	12,497
Total revenues	2,100,428	2,131,511	31,083
EXPENDITURES			
Legislative	10,500	10,500	
General government:			·
City manager	68,210	70,280	(2,070)
Elections	3,800	2,937	863
Assessor	21,975	20,010	1,965
Board of review	750	660	90
Treasurer/finance director	189,820	191,769	(1,949)
Building and grounds	39,495	37,076	2,419
Cemetery	57,630	54,948	2,682
Other administration	106,295	100,340	5,955
Total general government	487,975	478,020	9,955
Public safety:			
Police	771,125	697,147	73,978
Fire	216,721	217,231	(510)
Building inspections	27,265	14,852	12,413
Total public safety	1,015,111	929,230	85,881

City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - General Fund(Continued)

	Amended budget Actual		Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Public works:				
Department of public works	\$ 74,955	\$ 64,440	\$ 10,515	
General services	240,895	228,709	12,186	
Sidewalks	14,730	6,489	8,241	
Recycling	106,755	103,387	3,368	
Transfer station	50,240	54,378	(4,138)	
Total public works	487,575	457,403	30,172	
Community and economic development	2,300	1,500	800	
Recreation and culture:				
Parks and recreation	107,315	78,595	28,720	
Community center	10,675	8,878	1,797	
Total recreation and culture	117,990	87,473	30,517	
Capital outlay	37,632	42,513	(4,881)	
Total expenditures	2,159,083	2,006,639	152,444	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(58,655)	124,872	183,527	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	862,782	862,782		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 804,127	\$ 987,654	\$ 183,527	

City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Major Street Fund

	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES	e 000 000	e 200.012	\$ (26,987)
State grants	\$ 233,000	\$ 206,013	
Intergovernmental	18,000 3,000	12,383 13,599	(5,617) 10,599
Interest	3,000	13,599	10,399 894
Other			
Total revenues	254,000	232,889	(21,111)
EXPENDITURES			
Public works:			
Surface maintenance	38,545	32,043	6,502
Sweeping	6,050	6,106	(56)
Shoulder maintenance	615	6	609
Trees and shrubs	7,650	7,231	419
Drainage	5,815	5,837	(22)
Bridge maintenance	2,885	13	2,872
Traffic signs and signals	5,255	2,607	2,648
Pavement marking	5,835	888	4,947
Winter maintenance	26,465	14,332	12,133
Administration	10,305	7,586	2,719
State trunk line maintenance	28,910	17,058	11,852
Total expenditures	138,330	93,707	44,623
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	115,670	139,182	23,512
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	315,115	315,115	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 430,785	\$ 454,297	\$ 23,512

City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Local Street Fund

	Amended budget				Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
REVENUES						
State grants	\$	80,430	\$	77,040	\$	(3,390)
Interest		2,000		9,129		7,129
Other	_			5,692		5,692
Total revenues		82,430		91,861		9,431
EXPENDITURES						
Public works:						
Surface maintenance		38,345		24,045		14,300
Contracts		8,600		8,610		(10)
Shoulder maintenance		1,355		18		1,337
Trees and shrubs		18,535		13,194		5,341
Drainage		5,870		5,391		479
Roadside cleanup		-		(3)		3
Grass and weed control		365		4		361
Traffic signs and signals		3,595		1,823		1,772
Pavement marking		3,235		59		3,176
Winter maintenance		20,965		10,491		10,474
Administration		11,340		7,742		3,598
Total expenditures		112,205		71,374		40,831
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(29,775)		20,487		50,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES  Transfer from Street and Bridge Fund		3,360		3,360		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(26,415)		23,847		50,262
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	<u> </u>	228,308		228,308		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	201,893	\$	252,155	\$	50,262

#### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Street and Bridge Fund

	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 110,000	\$ 112,903	\$ 2,903	
Interest	5,000	27,023	22,023	
Total revenues	115,000	139,926	24,926	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfer to Local Street Fund	(3,360)	(3,360)	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	111,640	136,566	24,926	
FUND DALANCES DECININO	E0E 02E	E0E 02E		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	585,825	<u>585,825</u>		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 697,465	\$ 722,391	\$ 24,926	

#### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Special Assessment Capital Project Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

**FUND BALANCES - ENDING** 

	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
REVENUES Interest Other - special assessment revenue	\$	7,500 18,000	\$	13,526 25,346	\$	6,026 7,346
Total revenues		25,500		38,872		13,372
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		250,839		250,839		-

\$ 276,339

\$ 289,711

13,372

#### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Sewer Fund

	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
OPERATING REVENUES			A (0F 101)	
Charges for services	\$ 609,965	\$ 574,474	\$ (35,491)	
Delinquent penalties	10,000	11,348	1,348	
Other		1,764	1,764	
Total operating revenues	619,965	587,586	(32,379)	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Mains	68,210	53,371	14,839	
Wastewater treatment plant	275,370	250,529	24,841	
Administration	57,965	61,684	(3,719)	
Depreciation	100,375	99,916	459	
Total operating expenses	501,920	465,500	36,420	
OPERATING INCOME	118,045	122,086	4,041	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	10,000	53,300	43,300	
Interest expense	(22,960)	(22,003)	957	
Total nonoperating expenses	(12,960)	31,297	44,257	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	105,085	153,383	48,298	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	3,911,742	3,911,742	_	
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 4,016,827	\$ 4,065,125	\$ 48,298	

#### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Water Fund

	Amended budget		Actual		Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 412,850	\$	261,547	\$	(151,303)	
Hydrant rentals	6,370		6,370	•		
Delinquent penalties	3,600		3,863		263	
Other	-		2,969		2,969	
Outor		_				
Total operating revenues	422,820		274,749		(148,071)	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Mains	159,395		164,349		(4,954)	
Water pumping	112,780		90,444		22,336	
Administration	67,190		60,580		6,610	
Depreciation	47,900		61,462		(13,562)	
Total operating expenses	387,265	_	376 <u>,835</u>	<del></del>	10,430	
OPERATING LOSS	35,555	<del>-</del>	(102,086)		(137,641)	
NONODED ATING DEVENUES (EVDENOSS)						
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	0.000		0.054		0.054	
Interest income	3,000		9,854		6,854	
Interest expense	(8,375	) _	(8,375)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(5,375	) _	1,479		6,854	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	30,180		(100,607)		(130,787)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from DDA	_		7, <u>375</u>		7,375	
			·			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	30,180	)	(93,232)		(130,787)	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	1,979,519	<u> </u>	1,979,519		<u>-</u>	
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 2,009,699	<u>\$</u>	1,886,287	<u>\$</u>	(130,787)	

## City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Capital Project Fund

			•
	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sale of developed lots	\$ 260,000	\$ 26,923	\$ (233,077)
Other	-	4,500	4,500
Total operating revenues	260,000	31,423	(228,577)
Total operating forenaes			
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of developed lots	200,000	19,126	180,874
Legal expense	500	992	(492)
Advertising	-	353	(353)
Property taxes	29,360	27,310	2,050
, ,			
Total operating expenses	229,860	47,781	182,079
, 5 .			
OPERATING INCOME	30,140	(16,358)	(410,656)
	<u></u>		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	_	812	812
Interest expense	(13,175)	(17,865)	(4,690)
Total nonoperating expenses	(13,175)	(17,053)	(3,878)
, community and an experience			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	16,965	(33,411)	(414,534)
VISCHIUM INTENTIONAL	,500	(,,	, - ,
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	657,115	657,115	-
		<u> </u>	
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 674,080	\$ 623,704	\$ (414,534)
HET ACCETO " ENDING	Ψ 07.1,300	<del>+                                    </del>	<del></del>

### City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DPW Equipment Fund

	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
OPERATING REVENUES			•	
Equipment rental	\$ 155,000	\$ 135,225	\$ (19,775)	
Reimbursements	12,000	17,890	5,890	
			,	
Total operating revenues	167,000	153,115	(13,885)	
Total operating revenues	101,000		(10,000)	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
	115,350	110,110	5,240	
Equipment pool operations	·		•	
Depreciation	45,000	53,317	(8,317)	
	400.050	400 407	(2.077)	
Total operating expenses	160,350	163,427	(3,077)	
OPERATING INCOME	6,650	(10,312)	(16,962)	
NONODED ATINO DEVENUES		•		
NONOPERATING REVENUES	4.000	4.400	0.400	
Interest income	1,000	4,108	3,108	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	5,000		(5,000)	
Total nonoperating revenues	6,000	4,108	(1,892)	
rotal nonoperating revenues	<u> </u>	<del></del>	(1,002)	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	12,650	(6,204)	(18,854)	
<del></del>	,_,_	(-, //	Ç:-, <b>y</b>	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	440,820	440,820		
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 453,470	\$ 434,616	\$ (18,854)	

## City of Otsego BALANCE SHEET - Downtown Development Authority

June 30, 2006

ASSETS Cash Prepaid expenses	\$	325,594 825
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	326,419
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to primary government	\$	770 712 6,112
Total liabilities		7,594
Fund balance, unrestricted		318,825
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	326,419

City of Otsego STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Downtown Development Authority Year ended June 30, 2006

	Amended budget		Actual		fav	riance vorable avorable)
REVENUES						
Tax increment financing	\$	375,000	\$	362,220	\$	(12,780)
Memorial tree program		1,000		65		(935)
Interest income		4,000		12,199		8,199
Other		-		2,686		2,686
Total revenues		380,000	_	377,170		(2,830)
EXPENDITURES	•					
Public works - District administration		96,270		104,683		(8,413)
Capital outlay		540,000	_	27,438		512,562
Total expenditures		636,270	<del></del>	132,121		504,149
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(256,270)		245,049		501,319
OTHER FINAINCING USES: Transfer to Water Fund				(7,375)		(7,375)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(256,270)		237,674		493,944
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		81,153		81,153		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	(175,117)	\$	318,827	\$	493,944